more suspicion, superstition and with old presumption. In India weaning of lambs has not been taken up seriously as is being done with various flocks abroad.

The review points out the dearth of information on our native breeds and their crosses with exotic breeds and about the insufficient attempts for studying the usefulness of weaning in our country.

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Blood Sugar Estimation in the Estuarine Crab Scylla serrata (Forskal)*

The sugar in the blood of crustacea represents an energy source for tissue metabolism as is the rule in other animals. The wide range of composition of blood values obtained for reducing substances

in crustacean blood suggest that the physiological condition of the animal influences the blood sugar values¹.

Some aspects of biology, fishery, histochemistry, physiology, rate of survival and culture in the estuarine crab Scylla serrata (Forskal) were available from earlier literature²-11. As there was no emphasis on blood sugar estimation in this species in earlier accounts, an attempt has been made in the present communication to give some information on this subject.

The estuarine crabs of the species Scylla serrata (Forskal) were collected alive from the Vellar Estuary of Porto Novo (C11° 29°N 79° 49°E) on the east coast of India.

In an experiment, 1 ml of blood from the living crab S. serrata was mixed with 7 ml of water in a flask. 1 ml. of 10% solution of zinc sulphate was added to the While shaking continuously, 1 ml of 0.5 N NaOH was added. The flask was closed with a stopper, shaked well and filtered for a few minutes through a dry filter paper. Protein was precipitated with barium hydroxide and the protein free filtrate was collected. 5 ml. of copper reagent was poured into a large test tube and 5 ml of protein free filtrate was then added to it. After proper shaking, the tube was covered with a small funnel and kept in a boiling water bath for 15 minutes. Then it was cooled under the tap water. When the temperature of the solution came down to about 40°C, 1 ml of 5N H₂SO₄ was added to dissolve all the copper oxide produced. After about 2 minutes, it was titrated with 0.005% sodium. thiosulphate solution, using starch as indicator. Towards the end of the titration a blank with 5 ml. of reagents was used and no blood filtrate was used. From the difference between the titre values of the blank and experimental sample, the glucose equivalent was determined. From this, the percentage of glucose contents in the blood was calculated.

^{*} This study formed as a part of the dissertation submitted in the partialfulfilment of the requirements for the M.Sc. degree from Annamalai University, 1967.

Ml. of 0.005 Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ used	Vol.	Difference	Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ equivalant	Glucose equivalent •
Blank	21.1			
Blank	21.1			124 mg/100 ml
		4.5	4,5	(whole blood)
Experiment	16.6			

It was estimated from the present experiment that sugar content of the blood in S. serrata was 124 mg/100 ml.

Scylla serrata (Forskal) which can tolerate a wide range of salinity has been found to regulate its blood calcium and sugar with the dilution of the medium. The fall of blood sugar level in fasting Carcinus maenas outside the moulting period as observed by Kleinholz et al., substantiated the present findings in S. serrata¹².

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Eftects of Growth Regulators on Growth Development and Yield of Abelmoschus esculentus (L) Moench (Lady's finger).

The use of growth regulators for controlling fruit set and maturation, altering fruit size and improving its quality and development has become an important tool in the hands of agriculturists. Various