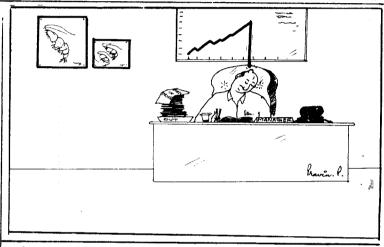


GLASS SHRIMPS A POTENTIAL FISHERY RESOURCE IN MAHARASHTRA

M. Aravindakshan and J.P. Karbhari*

Glass shrimps belonging to the family Pasiphaeidae are small non-penaeid decaped crustaceans. Though small, some of the species belonging to this family have good resource value. Omori (1976) has reported heavy landings of Pasiphaea japonica Omori from Japanese waters from depths ranging from 500-600m.

In Indian waters no significant fishery has been reported for Pasiphaeid crustaceans, though there are records of them from inshore and off-shore regions. Three species that are on record from Indian waters are Leptochela robusta Stimpson, Lapugmax deMan and Laculeocaudata Paulson of the genus Leptochela. The first two species are from deeper waters and the last \ from coastal areas. L.robusta Stimpson has been reported recently to form food of tunas in Lakshadweep waters recently. In Maharashtra the authors have found a close relationship between intensity of availability of glass shrimps and bumper catches of threadfin breams. Nemipterus japonicus and N.mesoprion and L.pugmax deMan. It is seen that glass shrimps form the favourite food of these species, as noticed from 80-90% of the stomach contents of Nemipterids.



L.pugmax deMan is reported for the first time from Maharashtra region. The resource potential of this shrimp can be estimated only after a deeper study.

Another species that has been noticed in bag net catches ('Dol' and 'Bokshi') is the small sized Laculeocaudata Paulson. This is a shallow water species as 'Dol' nets and 'Bokshi' nets are seldom operated beyond 40 m depth. However. it has been noticed to be constantly present in bag net catches and is estimated to contribute 2% of non-panaeid prawn landings of the state. This gives an annual landing figure of 2.3 tonnes (Maharashtra fishing season report 1985-86). Earlier reports on this species

are from the confined waters of Panvel creek of Bombay.

L.aculeocaudata plays a part in the coastal ecosystem similar to the role of mysids (Mesopodopsis orientalis and M.zeylanica) and Acetes shrimps which form intermediary links in the food chain. This species are also utilisable as food for large penaeid prawns cultured in farms.

REFERENCES

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*Bombay Research Centre of C.M.F.R.I., Bombay.