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SIMPLE METHODS FOR ESTIMATION OF PARAMETERS FOR ASSESSING EXPLOITED FISH STOCKS

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New methods for estimation of growth and mortality parameters, together ith their error estimations, are given, discussing in detail their advantages over the existing ones. A new model called Relative Response model has been designed estimation of such stocks that are common in tropics where the application

### INTRODUCTION

To assess fish stocks there are different approaches, depending on the condition of stocks and the nature of the data base. Stocks may be broadly grouped into 'virgin' stocks and 'exploited' stocks. Assessment of the virgin stocks may be done by: (1) sweep-out-area method, or area sampling; (2) production analysis, using biomass and the productivity of the water body technique): (3) comparison method; and (4) aerial and accoustic surveys. For exploited stocks, there are many methods by applying macro- and micro-analytic models. The present account explains some of these.

Fish stocks, coming under renewable resources, have to be scientifically nanaged, should they return sustainable yields. It is known that unscientific exploitation of stocks, leading to their depletion and eventual disappearance, is but killing the goose that lays the golden eggs; haddock stock in German waters, Californian sardines, Peruvian anchovies and Antartic whales are some of the examples. These stocks would have sustained had there been some control introduced on the rate of their exploitation.

Among the living resources, fishery resources stand apart at least on two accounts. The variations in their availability are not only wide but also wild due to many factors which are not normally encountered in any other living especially in tropical conditions. Secondly, these resources visual horizon, many of their behavioural as

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